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ABSTRACT

The testimony of the United States Attorney General which appears in this document concentrates on three areas; (1) the coordination of federal drug control efforts and the reorganization of the National Drug Policy Board; (2) the performance of the National Drug Policy Board; and (3) the Administration's views on the proposed "Drug Czar" bill, S. 789. The background of the National Drug Policy Board created by a presidential executive order in March, 1987, is outlined and recent board changes are explained. The two coordinating groups within the new policy board structure, the arung Raforcement Coordinating Group and the Drug Prevention and Resith Coordinating Group, are described and subcommittees for each group are listed. The section on recent drug policy achievements highlights a number of significant drug law enforcement activities at the hourd. Areas discussed, among others, include investigation and prosecution, cocaine seizures, international programs, and the Enderal prison altuation in regard to drug offenses. Progress in creating drug-tree faderal workplaces, drug-free private sector workplaces, and drug-free schools is also discussed. The Administration's strong apposition to the "Drug Czar" bill is emphasized and several reasons to reject the bill are given. (NB)





Bepartment of Justice

TESTIMONY

OF

EDWIN MEESE 111 ATTORNEY GENERAL

AND

CHAIRMAN
NATIONAL DRUG POLICY BOARD

BEFORE

U.S. SENATE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

ON

MAY 14, 1987

REGARDING

COORDINATION OF NATIONAL DRUG POLICY AND STRATEGY

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MR. CHAIRMEN, I AM PLEASED TO APPEAR BEFORE THE SENATE

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE TODAY AS CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL DRUG POLICY

BOARD TO TESTIFY ON THE COORDINATION OF FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL

EFFORTS, THE PERFORMANCE OF THE NATIONAL DRUG POLICY BOARD, AND

OUR VIEWS ON YOUR SO CALLED "DRUG CZAR" BILL, S. 789. FIRST, I

WILL GIVE YOU A REPORT ON THE BACKGROUND OF THE NATIONAL DRUG

POLICY BOARD AND RECENT BOARD CHANGES.

2. POLICY BOARD REORGANIZATION

THE NATIONAL DRUG POLICY BOARD WAS CREATED BY A PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDER ON MARCH 26, 1987. IT OVERSEES ALL FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL EFFORTS. THIS NEW POLICY BOARD INCLUDES THE ACTIVITIES OF THE NATIONAL DRUG EMPORCEMENT POLICY BOARD AND EXPANDS ITS JURISDICTION TO INCLUDE EFFORTS TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR DRUGS IN THE UNITED STATES AS WELL AS THOSE TO REDUCE THEIR SUPPLY. PRIOR TO MARCH 26, 1987, POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND COORDINATION ON THE DEMAND SIDE OF OUR ANTI-DRUG EFFORT WAS LODGED IN THE DOMESTIC POLICY COUNCIL, ALSO CRAIRED BY ME AS ATTORNEY GENERAL AND ASSISTED BY THE WALTE ROUGE DRUG ABUSE POLICY OFFICE.

BY BRINGING ACTR THE SUPPLY AND DEMAND SIDE OF THE PROBLEM TO THE SAME POLICY FORUM, WE HOPE TO IMPROVE UNDERSTANDING OF HOW THESE TWO AREAS ARE INTER~USPENDENT AND HOW OUR POLICY AND STRATEGY TO COMBAN SOTH SIDES OF THIS PROBLEM CAN BE BETTER COORDINATED.



THE NEW BOARD SERVES AS THE CABINET-LEVEL FORUM FOR ALL SIGNIFICANT DRUG POLICY DECISIONS, INTERAGENCY COORDINATION AND INFORMATION EXCHANGE WITHIN THE DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT AND DRUG PREVENTION AND HEALTH COMMUNITIES. THE DRUG POLICY BOARD WILL ALSO SERVE AS A WAY TO BRING IMPORTANT DECISIONS TO THE PRESIDENT WHERE NECESSARY.

THE BOARD, WHICH MEETS MONTHLY IN THE WHITE HOUSE, IS
CHAIRED BY MYSELF AND VICE-CHAIRED BY DR. OTIS BOWEN, SECRETARY
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. OTHER MEMBERS OF
THE NEW BOARD INCLUDE: THE SECRETARIES OF STATE, DEFENSE,
TREASURY, TRANSPORTATION, EDUCATION, ENERGY, LABOR, HOUSING AND
URBAN DEVELOPMENT, INTERIOR AND AGRICULTURE, THE DIRECTORS OF
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AND THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, AND
REPRESENTATIVES FROM BOTH THE PRESIDENT'S AND VICE PRESIDENT'S
OFFICES.

WITHIN THE NEW POLICY BOARD STRUCTURE, THERE ARE TWO
COORDINATING GROUPS, EACH COMPRISED OF DEPARTMENT ASSISTANT
SECRETARIES, HEADS OF AGENCIES, AND OTHER SENIOR OFFICIALS FROM
ORGANIZATIONS REPRESENTED ON THE BOARD. STEPHEN S. TROTT,
ASSOCIATE ATTORNEY GENERAL, CHAIRS THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT
COORDINATING GROUP. IN ADDITION, A DRUG PREVENTION AND HEALTH
COORDINATING GROUP HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED, CHAIRED BY DR. DONALD I.
MACDONALD, DIRECTOR OF BOTH THE ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL
HEALTH ADMINISTRATION AND THE WHITE HOUSE DRUG ABUSE POLICY
OFFICE.

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THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT COORDINATING GROUP MEETS MONTHLY AND AT PRESENT, THE FOLLOWING SUBCOMMITTEES ARE DEALING WITH CURRENT ENFORCEMENT ISSUES:

- o <u>subcommittee</u> on <u>intelligence</u> chaired by Jack Lawn, Administrator, drug enforcement administration.
- O SUBCOMMITTEE ON LONG-RANGE SURVEILLANCE, CHAIRED BY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, CHAPMAN COX, DOD.
- O SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE SOUTHWEST BORDER OR OPERATION

 ALLIANCE, CHAIRED BY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY,
 FRANK KEATING.
- O SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE BAHAMAS, CHAIRED BY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, ANN WROBLESKI.
- O WORKING GROUP ON C31 CENTERS (COMMAND, CONTROL,

 COMMUNICATION AND INTELLIGENCE) CHAIRED BY ASSISTANT

 COMMISSIONER, WILLIAM ROSENBLATT, CUSTOMS.
- O INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON DRUG ENFORCEMENT COMMUNICA-TIONS, CHAIRED BY LIEUTENANT GENERAL STEPHEN OLMSTEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.



RECENTLY, KEY ENFORCEMENT COORDINATING CHOIR MEMBERS,
SUPPORTED BY POLICY BOARD STAFF AND AGENCY SCAFF, HAVE BEEN
WORKING ON A PROJECT TO FORMALIZE LEAD AGENCY HOLES AND
RESPONSIBILITIES WITHIN THE VARIOUS COMPONENTS OF OUR DRUG
CONTROL STRATEGY. THIS EXERCISE IS PART OF CARRYING OUT THE
MANDATE OF EXECUTIVE ORDER 12590 OF MARCH 26, 1987. AN AGREEMENT
WAS REACHED JUST THIS WEEK ON A VERY COMPLEX, KEY COMPONENT OF
OUR ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY, INTERDICTION. THE COAST GUARD AND
CUSTOMS HAVE AGREED ON THEIR RESPECTIVE AGENCY HOLES IN
INTERDICTION. THE DETAILS ON HOW AGENCY ROLES HAVE BEEN
DESIGNATED WILL BE INCLUDED IN OUR COMPREMENTIVE UNDERDICTION
PLAN WHICH WE WILL SOON BE SUBMITTING TO BOTH THE HOUSE AND THE
SENATE AS REQUIRED BY THE DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986.

WE ARE ALSO WORKING OUT THE DETAILS FOR DELIMEATION OF ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES WITHIN THE OTHER ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY COMPONENTS OF INTELLIGENCE, UNVESTIGATION, PROSECUTION AND INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS.

THE DRUG PREVENTION AND HEALTH COORDINATING GROUP WAS RECENTLY FORMED BY THE MARCH 26, 1987 EXECUTIVE ORDER ESTABLISHING THE NDPB. THE INITIAL MEETING WAS RELD ON MARCH 27. THE MEMBERSHIP IS COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE DEPARTMENTS OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, EURCATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, LABOR, INTERIOR, DEFENSE, JUSTICE, STATE, TRANSPORTATION, ENERGY AND TREASURY, ACTION, DAM AND OMB.

THE FOCUS OF THE COORDINATING GROUP IS ON THE HEALTH-RELATED AREAS OF PREVENTION, EDUCATION, REVABILITATION, TREATMENT AND RESEARCH. THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THIS COORDINATING GROUP WILL BE DEALT WITH BY FOUR SUBCOMMITTEES WHICH ADDRESS DISTINCT SEGMENTS OF THE TARGET POPULATION BASED ON AGE AND THE DEGREE OF DRUG USE:

- CHARLES SCHUSTER, DIRECTOR, NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE, HHS. THIS GROUP WILL ADDRESS THE MOST DIFFICULT SEGMENT OF THE DRUG USER POPULATION...THE LONG-TERM ADDICTS. PRINCIPAL ISSUES INCLUDE THE GENERAL AREAS OF DRUG TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION, THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN IV DRUG USE AND ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME (AIDS), DRUG ABUSE AND HOMELESSNESS, AND UNDERLYING RISK FACTORS LEADING TO DRUG ABUSE SUCH AS PSYCHIATRIC, MEDICAL, EDUCATIONAL, AND SOCIAL DYSFUNCTIONS.
- SUBCOMMITTEE ON HIGH RISK YOUTH, CHAIRED BY VERNE SPIERS, ACTING ADMINISTRATOR, OFFICE OF JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION, DOJ. THIS GROUP WILL FOCUS ON ISSUES RELATED TO YOUNG PEOPLE WITH A HIGH RISK OF BECOMING CHRONIC DRUG USERS. THIS POPULATION INCLUDES CHILDREN FROM "DYSFUNCTIONAL" FAMILIES, AND CHILDREN WITH A VARIETY OF SOCIAL, PSYCHIATRIC, AND EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS.



- COLVARD, DEPUTY DIRECTOR, OPM. THIS SUBCOMMITTEE WILL ADDRESS DRUG USE IN BASICALLY HEALTHY PEOPLE WHO ARE CLOWN THAN SCHOOL AGE. A MAJOR FOCUS WILL BE ON THE 20 TO 40 YEAR OLD POPULATION THAT GREW UP IN A TIME WHEN ILLYCAT DRUG USE WAS TREATED BY MANY AS A HARMLESS PHASE OF ADDRESCENCE. THE WORK PLACE IS LOOKED UPON AS AN LOCATION TO REACH INDIVIDUALS ABOUT THE UNACCEPTABILITY OF URDS DEE AND AS A FORUM TO PROVIDE INFORMATION AND MATERIALS WHICH THEY CAN GIVE TO THEIR FAMILIES.

 ADDITIONALLY, THIS GROUP PROVIDES OVERSIGHT FOR IMPLEMENTING THE DRUG TESTING INITIATIVE AND CARRYING OUT THE PRESIDENT'S EXECUTIVE ORDER FOR A DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE.
- O SUBCOMMITTEE ON PREVENTION EDUCATION, CHAIRED BY JOHN WALVERS, SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF SUDCATION. THE FOCUS OF THIS GROUP IS ON THE WON-VAING YOUTH AND THE EARLY USERS. THE GROUP WILL SUPPORTS YOUTH DECISIONS NOT TO USE DRUGS.

IN SUPPORT OF THE POLICY BOARD AND THE COORDINATING GROUPS IS A POLICY BOARD STAFF, CURRENTLY CONSISTING OF AN ACTING STAFF DIRECTOR, ANNIAR PROPER DETAILED FULL TIME FROM THE DOD, COAST GUARD, DEA, DOJ, FBI, STATE, DHHS, OPM AND TREASURY AS WELL AS SEVERAL FOIL TIME SUPPORT PERSONNEL. I ALSO HAVE A FULL TIME ASSISTANT DEVOKED SOLELY TO POLICY BOARD MATTERS.

AS A RESULT OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER SIGNED MARCH 26, THE CURRENT FULL TIME COMPLEMENT OF 12 PERSONNEL WILL BE AUGMENTED BY ADDITIONAL APPOINTMENTS FROM THE DEMAND SIDE. THE STAFF AND ADDITIONAL LIAISON REPRESENTATIVES FROM OTHER PARTICIPATING AGENCIES MEET ON A WEEKLY BASIS.

THE STAFF PERFORMS RESEARCH FOR THE BOARD AND SERVES AS A CLEARING HOUSE AND CENTRAL REPOSITORY FOR INFORMATION. THEY ENSURE THAT THE POLICY BOARD HAS THE INFORMATION IT NEEDS TO MAKE ITS DECISIONS, PERFORM ANY ANALYSIS THAT THE COORDINATING GROUP NEEDS TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE POLICY BOARD; AND FACILITATE COORDINATION BY MAINTAINING EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION AMONG AGENCY AND AGENCY PROGRAMS.

11. RECENT DRUG POLICY ACHIEVEMENTS

MUCH OF THE BOARD'S WORK, AS WELL AS THAT OF ITS COORDINAT~
ING GROUPS AND STAFF, OCCURS "BEHIND THE SCENES" BY FACILITATING,
ENCOURAGING, AND PROVIDING ADVICE IN SUPPORT OF INDIVIDUAL AGENCY
AND INTERAGENCY OPERATIONS. HOWEVER, THE BOARD HAS ALSO BEEN
INTIMATELY INVOLVED IN SIGNIFICANT POLICY DECISIONS. IN THE PAST
YEAR, THE BOARD OVERSAW A NUMBER OF SIGNIFICANT DRUG LAW ENFORCE^
MENT ACTIVITIES SOME OF WHICH I WOULD LIKE TO HIGHLIGHT FOR YOU:



- O NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY:
 THE POLICY BOARD DEVELOPED A NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL DRUG LAW
 ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY THAT BUILDS UPON THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT
 ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF RECENT YEARS. THE 200 PAGE STRATEGY DETAILS
 NATIONAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT PLANS, PROGRAMS, AND OBJECTIVES FOR THE
 NEXT TWO YEARS. A COMPREHENSIVE INTERAGENCY IMPLEMENTATION
 PROCESS HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY THE POLICY BOARD STAFF TO ASSURE
 THAT THE OBJECTIVES AND PLANS ANNOUNCED IN THE STRATEGY TAKE
 CONCRETE, MEASURABLE FORM. THIS DETAILED IMPLEMENTATION PLAN
 SHOULD BE COMPLETED FOR THE ENTIRE STRATEGY BY THE END OF THIS
 SUMMER, AND WILL AID THE BOARD BY PROVIDING SOME MEASURES OF
 EFFECTIVENESS AND IN PROVIDING REPORTS TO THE CONGRESS.
- o Federal drug enforcement progress report for 1986: The Policy Board has recently compiled and submitted to congress this week, this enforcement progress report for 1986. This report provides striking evidence that we are now interdicting more drugs, forfeiting more drug trafficking assets, and arresting, prosecuting and convicting more drug traffickers than ever before.

THIS REPORT UPDATES THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND ACTIVITIES REPORTED IN THE NATIONAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT POLICY BOARD'S FEDERAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT PROGRESS REPORT, 1984-1985. THE REPORT DESCRIBES FEDERAL AGENCY ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN REDUCING DRUG PRODUCTION AND TRAFFICKING THROUGH INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION, INTERNATIONAL DRUG CONTROL, DOMESTIC CANNABLS



ERADICATION, REGULATION OF THE LEGITAMARE DRUG INDUSTRY, AND INTELLIGENCE. ADDITIONAL CHAPTERS REVIEW THE DRUG PROBLEM IN 1986, OUTLINE THE ANTI-DRUG ABUSE ACA OF 1986, AND CONSIDER THE ROLE OF THE FEDERAL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT COMMUNITY IN REDUCING THE DEMAND FOR ILLICIT DRUGS.

SOME OF THE HIGHLIGHTS OF SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS IN DRUG ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES IN 1986 AGE AS FOLLOWS:

O INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION

- VORUGENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION (DEA) ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS WERE HIGHER IN FX 1984 THAN IN ANY OTHER YEAR IN ITS HISTORY. FEDERAL AUREAU OF INVESTIGATION DRUG CONVICTIONS ALSO REACHED AECOAD LEVELS. THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DEA ARRESTS OF CLASS I AND 11 VIOLATORS (THE MOST SIGNIFICANT) INCREASED 49 PERCENT FROM 1985 TO 1986 (FROM 4,057 TO 6,002 ARRESTS). THE NUMBER OF ARRESTS IN CLASS I AND II CASES INCREASED 36 VARCOUT DURING THE SAME PERIOD (FROM 9,411 TO 12,819 ARRESTS).
- ~ CONVICTIONS OBTAINED TARGULA INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING DEA INCREASED 15 PERCENT FROM 1986 TO 1986 (FROM 10.549 TO 12.178 CONVICTIONS). FAI CONVICTIONS OBTAINED INCREASED BY NEARLY 22 PERCENT (FROM 2.283 NO 2.791 CONVICTIONS).



- THE TOTAL VALUE OF DRUG-RELATED ASSETS SEIZED BY DEA INCEASED 78 PERCENT FROM 1985 (\$171.9 MILLION) TO 1986 (\$305.4 MILLION). CUSTOMS DRUG-RELATED ASSET SEIZURES ALSO INCREASED IN VALUE FROM 1985 TO 1986 BY NEARLY 27 PERCENT (\$95.8 MILLION TO \$121.5 MILLION).
- CLANDESTINE LABORATORY SEIZURES INCREASED 21 PERCENT FROM 1985 TO 1986. TAIS INCREASE INCLUDES A 45 PERCENT INCREASE IN METHAMPHETAMINE LAB SEIZURES. A TOTAL OF 509 LABS WERE SEIZUR IN 1986.
- FEI AND DEA DRUG REMOVALS (SEIZURES AND PURCHASES)

 CONTINUED TO INCREASE DRAMATICALLY IN 1985. COCAINE

 REMOVALS INCREASED SÁ PERCENT, MARIJUANA REMOVALS

 INCREASED 11 PERCENT, AND DANGEROUS DRUG REMOVALS

 INCREASED 64 PERCENT FROM 1985 TO 1986. IN 1986, FBI AND

 DEA COCAINE REMOVALS TOTALED 27,918 KG., MARIJUANA

 REMOVALS TOTALED 825,000 KG., AND DANGEROUS DRUG REMOVALS

 AMOUNTED TO 50,055,000 DOSAGE UNITS.
- DEA STATE AND LOCAL TASK FORCE PROGRAM ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS INCREASED SIGNIFICANTLY FROM 1985 TO 1986. THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS ARRESTED THROUGH PROGRAM EFFORTS INCREASED BY 1,238 (39 PERCENT). THE NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS INCREASED BY 383 (19 PERCENT).



- THE ORGANIZED CRIME DRUG ENFORCEMENT TASK FORCE PROGRAM CONTINUES ITS MULTI-AGENCY DRUG INVESTIGATIVE AND PROSECUTORIAL SUCCESSES. IN THE FIRST WINE MONTHS OF 1986, 936 INDICTMENTS AND INFORMATIONS WERE RETURNED CHARGING OVER 1,500 INDIVIDUALS. CASH ASSET SEIZURES TOTALED OVER \$71 MILLION FOR THE PERIOD.
- COCAINE SEIZURES BY CUSTOMS, COAST GUARD, AND INS
 CONTINUED TO INCREASE SIGNIFICANTLY IN 1986. CUSTOMS COCAINE
 SEIZURES INCREASED BY 2,015 POUNDS (FOUR PERCENT) FROM FISCAL
 YEAR 1985 TO 1986. COAST GUARD COCAINE SEIZURES INCREASED BY
 1,605 POUNDS (27 PERCENT). INS COCAINE SEIZURES MORE THAN
 DOUBLED, INCREASING 1,385 POUNDS (101 PERCENT). DURING THE FIRST
 QUARTER OF FY 1987, THE CUSTOMS SERVICE COCAINE SEIZURES
 INCREASED BY ALMOST 100% OVER THE FIRST QUARTET OF 1986.
- O INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS MULTI-LATERAL INTERDICTION

 COORDINATION: BUILDING ON THE FOUNDATION ESTABLISHED DURING

 OPERATION HAT TRICK II IN 1985, SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS WAS MADE IN

 STRENGTHENING REGIONALLY-COORDINATED INTERDICTION OPERATIONS

 THROUGHOUT THE CARIBBEAN BASIN. THESE INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS,

 WHICH INVOLVED MORE COUNTRIES THAN EVER, INCLUDED COURDINATED

 MARINE PATROLS AND LAND EFFORTS. SUCH MULTILATERAL COORDINATION

 PROVIDES A MAJOR INCREASE IN EFFECTIVENESS TO UNIVATERAL U.S.

 INTERDICTION EFFORTS IN THE REGION.



- O INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS OPERATION BLAST FURNACE: THE POLICY BOARD ESTABLISHED THE POLICY GROUNDWORK FOR, AND APPROVED OF OUR ASSISTANCE TO THE BULLIVIAN OPERATION BLAST FURNACE PRIOR TO ITS COMMENCEMENT. THIS OPERATION VIRTUALLY STOPPED THE TRAFFICKING IN COCA LEAVES IN BOLIVIA DURING THE SUMMER AND FALL OF 1986. THE DESTRUCTION OF OVER 20 COCAINE LABORATORIES ACRIEVED A DRAMATIC DECREASE IN THE PRODUCTION OF AND PRICE FOR COCA LEAVES, AND REPUCED CIVIL AIR TRAFFIC IN BOLIVIA BY 90 PERCENT. BUT MOST IMPORTANTLY, IT SET A PRECEDENT WHEREBY U.S. CIVILIAN LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES SUPPORTED BY MILITARY ASSETS WERE INVITED BY A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT TO ASSIST THEIR DRUG ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS.
- O INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS ERADICATION: IN OUR CONTINUING EMPHASIS IN TRYING TO STUP DRUGS AT THEIR SOURCE, WE HAVE EXPANDED OUR SUPPORT OF SOURCE COUNTRY ERADICATION. IN 1981, 2 FOREIGN COUNTRIES WERE ERADICATING DRUG CROPS WITH OUR ENCOURAGEMENT. IN 1986, THE NUMBER JUMPED TO 20. COLOMBIA HAS MADE REMARKABLE PROGRESS IN DRUG ERADICATION. DEA REPORTS THAT COLOMBIA HAS ERADICATED ALMOST ALL OF ITS DOMESTIC MARIJUANA CROP THUS FAR IN 1987.
- O INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS ENFORCEMENT: WHILE THE EXTRADITION OF CARLOS LENDER FROM COLOMBIA TO STAND TRIAL IN THE UNITED STATES WAS A COURAGEOUS ACT BY THE COLOMBIAN AUTHORITIES, IT ALSO DEMONSTRATES THE WISDOM OF OUR EFFORTS TO SECURE IMPROVED EXTRADITION TREATIES. PROMPTING EXTRADITION OF DRUG TRAFFICKERS

IS A NIGH VALUATTY OF OUR INTERNATIONAL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS. MR. LEHDER'S EXTRADITION AND THE EXTRADITION OF MANY OTHERS TO STAND TRIAL FOR DRUG TRAFFICKERS OFFENSES SHOWS THAT NATIONAL CAN EFFECTIVELY COOPERATE WITHIN ESTABLISHED LEGAL SYSTEMS AGAINST DRUG TRAFFICKING.

- POLICY BOARD STAFF STUDY EXAMINED AIR AND RELATED MARINE INTERDICTION CAPABILITIES ALONG THE SOUTHEAST BORDER, AND PRESENTED A VARIETY OF OPTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GREATLY ENHANCING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THOSE CAPABILITIES. E-2C AIRCRAFT, AEROSTAT RADAR, COMMUNICATIONS AND INTELLIGENCE FACILITIES, AND OTHER ADDITIONAL RESOURCES ARE BEING DEPLOYED TO ENHANCE OUR AIR INTERDICTION SYSTEM. THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND THE FAA ARE PRESENTLY STUDYING RADAR AND OTHER HARDWARE NEEDS IN THE INTERDICTION MAGA.
- THE FEDERAL PRISON SITUATION: THE POLICY BOARD IS REVIEWING THE FEDERAL PRISONER AND IMMIGRATION SITUATION AND IS EXAMINING OPTIONS FOR FRE-TRIAL DETENTION SPACE, PRISON AND IMMIGRATION SPACE OVER THE MEXT 5 YEARS. OVER ONE-THIRD OF ALL CURRENT FEDERAL PRISONER; WERE CONVICTED OF DRUG OFFENSES. ENHANCED PENALTIES MANUATED BY THE ANTI-DRUG ABUSE ACT OF 1986 AND THE SENTENCING COMMISSION GUIDELINES WILL LIKELY INCREASE THAT NUMBER, FURTHER STRAINING PRISON CAPACITY. TO ALLEVIATE THIS PROBLEM, THE PRESIDENT HAS PROPOSED SIGNIFICANT NEW FUNDING IN HIS 1988 BUDGET. IN ADDITION, THE POLICY BOARD'S PRISON SPACE



SUBCOMMITTEE HAS BEEN STUDYING PROJECTED PRISON AND JAIL SHORTFALLS FOR THE NEXT FIVE YEARS AND WILL DEVELOP A MIX OF SOLUTIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION IN THE SHORT-TERM.

- O FEDERAL DRUG RESOURCE ALLOCATION: ADDRESSING ITS BUDGET RESPONSIBILITIES, THE POLICY BOARD MOUNTED AN IMPORTANT EFFORT TO BRING GREATER CONSISTENCY TO REPORTING OF DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT SPENDING. AT THE BOARD'S REQUEST, OMB DEVISED A STANDARD METHOD-OLOGY FOR DETERMINING WHAT PORTION OF AN AGENCY'S SPENDING HAS BEEN ALLOCATED FOR DRUG CONTROL PURPOSES, AND FURTHER, TO WHICH STRATEGY COMPONENT THIS SPENDING MAY BE ATTRIBUTED. THIS ACTIVIATY WILL IMPROVE THE UNDERSTANDING OF HOW FEDERAL DOLLARS ARE SPENT AND HELP THE BOARD DETERMINE THE MOST EFFECTIVE AND EFFICIENT USE OF FEDERAL RESOURCES.
- O OPERATION ALLIANCE: THE POLICY BOARD ANALYZED THE SEVERE AND GROWING DRUG PROBLEMS ALONG THE SOUTHWEST BORDER AND ESTABLISHED A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE BOARD'S COORDINATING GROUP TO OVERSEE PLANS FOR A CAREFUL RESPONSE. IN TURN, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE POLICY BOARD, OPERATION ALLIANCE WAS ESTABLISHED. BEGUN IN 1986 AND COORDINATED WITH NNBIS, OPERATION ALLIANCE IS DESIGNED TO CHOKE OFF THE RAPIDLY INCREASING FLOW OF DRUGS ACROSS THE U.S.-MEXICAN BORDER. THIS UNPRECEDENTED INTERAGENCY EFFORT ALONG THE SOUTHWEST BORDER INVOLVES THOUSANDS OF FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS AND SOPHISTICATED NEW EQUIPMENT TO FIGHT DRUG TRAFFICKING ALONG THE ENTIRE 2,000 MILE BORDER AND ADJACENT WATER.



O IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ANTI-DRUG ABUSE ACT: EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ANTI-DRUG ABUSE ACT IS A MAJOR OBJECTIVE OF THE POLICY BOARD AS OUTLINED IN THE NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY WHICH THE POLICY BOARD RELEASED IN FEBRUARY OF THIS YEAR. THE ACT WILL IMPROVE DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT EFFICIENCY IN THE AREAS OF INTELLIGENCE, INTERNATIONAL DRUG CONTROL, INTERDICTION, INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION, AND DIVERSION CONTROL.

I STAND PEADY TO GIVE YOU A MORE DETAILED STATUS REPORT ON WHERE WE STAND IN IMPLEMENTING THE KEY PROVISIONS OF THIS BILL.

- O DEMAND SIDE INITIATIVES OF THE DOMESTIC POLICY COUNCIL:
 AS I STATED EARLIER, THE DEMAND SIDE WAS FORMALLY INCORPORATED
 INTO THE NATIONAL DRUG POLICY BOARD WITH THE SIGNING OF THE
 EXECUTIVE ORDER 12590. PREVIOUS TO THAT DATE THE DEMAND ISSUES
 WERE DEALT WITH IN THE DOMESTIC POLICY COUNCIL WORKING GROUP ON
 DRUG ABUSE POLICY. THIS GROUP DEVELOPED THE INITIATIVES AND
 PROGRAMS TO ASSIST IN IMPLEMENTING FOUR OF THE SIX NEW GOALS
 ANNOUNCED BY PRESIDENT REAGAN ON AUGUST 4, 1986.
 - 1. Drug-free workplaces for all americans;
 - 2. DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS, FROM ELEMENTARY TO UNIVERSITY LEVEL;
 - 3. EXPANDED DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT TO TACKLE THE HEALTH PROBLEMS CAUSED BY DRUGS;

6. INCREASED PUBLIC AWARENESS AND PREVENTION -- THE GOAL ON WHICH SUCCESS ULTIMATELY DEPENDS -- TO HELP EVERY CITIZEN GET INVOLVED IN FIGHTING THE DRUG ABUSE MENACE AND TO MAKE THE USE OF ILLEGAL DRUGS INTOLERABLE THROUGHOUT OUR SOCIETY.

THE REMAIN 2 GOALS ARE ADDRESSED BY THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT COORDINATING GROUP.

THIS WORKING GROUP ON DRUG ABUSE POLICY SUBMITTED A FINAL REPORT ON FEBRUARY 28, 1987 ENTITLED WORKING PAPERS:

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PRESIDENT'S FALL 1986 INITIATIVES AGAINST THE USE OF ILLEGAL DRUGS. THIS REPORT DETAILED THE PROGRESS MADE TO DATE IN IMPLEMENTING THESE 6 PRESIDENTIAL INITIATIVES, AND WILL BE USED BY THE POLICY BOARD AND ITS COORDINATING GROUPS IN FURTHER POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND COORDINATION.

SOME OF THE HIGHLIGHTS OF SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS IN DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION AND HEALTH IN 1986~1987 ARE AS FOLLOWS:

DRUG-FREE FEDERAL WORKPLACES: SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE TOWARDS DRUG-FREE FEDERAL WORKPLACES SINCE PRESIDENT REAGAN SIGNED EXECUTIVE ORDER 12564 ON SEPTEMBER 15, 1986 AND ISSUED HIS PERSONAL COMMUNICATION TO EACH AND EVERY EXECUTIVE BRANCH EMPLOYEE ON OCTOBER 4, 1986. THE OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT ISSUED ITS GOVERNMENT-WIDE GUIDELINES ON IMPLEMENTATION OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER ON NOVEMBER 28, 1986, AND



THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOMAN SERVICES ISSUED SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL GUIDELINES FOR DRUG TESTING PROGRAMS ON FEBRUARY 19, 1987. DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES ARE IMPLEMENTING PROGRAMS TO INCREASE DRUG ABUSE AWARENESS AND PREVENTION, IDENTIFY AND REBABILITATE ILLEGAL DRUG USERS, AND IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND ACCESSIBILITY OF TREATMENT SERVICES FOR EMPLOYEES.

- DRUG-FREE WORKPLACES: FEDERAL AGENCIES ARE ALSO DEVELOPING PROGRAMS TO ASSIST THE INCREASING NUMBERS OF PRIVATE SECTOR COMPANIES WHICH ARE ADOPTING DRUG-FREE POLICIES. HHS HAS ESTABLISHED A TOLL-FREE "DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE HELPLINE" --800-843-4971 -- TO PROVIDE INFORMATION TO EMPLOYERS ABOUT STOPPING DRUG ABUSE IN THE WORKPLACE, IS PREPARING A BOOKLET ON "DEVELOPING AN OCCUPATIONAL DRUG ABUSE PROGRAM," AND HAS ESTABLISHED A NEW OFFICE FOR WORKPLACE INITIATIVES. THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR IS STUDYING MODEL PROGRAMS AND WORKING WITH HHS ON INITIATIVES TO PROVIDE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING TO BUSINESSES AND UNIONS.
- O DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS: THE SECRETARY OF EDUCATION HAS CONTINUED HIS ROLE AS NATIONAL ADVOCATE FOR DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS, INITIATING A CAMPAIGN "SCHOOLS WITHOUT DRUGS: THE CHALLENGE" TO MOBILIZE LOCAL COMMUNITY EFFORTS. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 1985, THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ISSUED THE BOOKLET SCHOOLS WITHOUT DRUGS, AND SINCE THAT TIME HAS DISTRIBUTED OVER 1,500,000 COPIES ACROSS THE COUNTRY. EDUCATION HAS EXPEDITED THE RELEASE OF STATE GRANTS AUTHORIZED BY THE DRUG FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES ACT OF 1986

AND HAS HOSTED A JANUARY 1987 CONFERENCE OF STATE REPRESENTATIVES ON THE NEW PROGRAM. ACTION, THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE, AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES ARE WORKING WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MAJOR NATIONAL INITIATIVE TO ELIMINATE DRUG ABUSE IN OUR NATION'S SCHOOLS.

- O EXPANDED DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT: THE PRESIDENT REQUESTED AND CONGRESS AUTHORIZED ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR EMERGENCY EXPANSION OF SERVICES IN TREATMENT CENTERS WHICH HAVE & RIGHT DEMAND FOR SERVICES BY ENDEMIC DRUG USERS WHO COULD NOT OTHERWISE AFFORD TREATMENT. \$165 MILLION WAS APPROPRIATED FOR THESE SERVICES. HHS IS MAKING EVERY EFFORT TO ASSURE THE TIMELY DISTRIBUTION OF THESE FUNDS THROUGH STATE BLOCK GRANTS.
- O EXPANDED DRUG ABUSE RESEARCH: THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES IS DEVELOPING ENHANCED EPIDEMIOLOGY AND SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS WHICH WILL ENSURE ACCURATE TRACKING OF THE INCIDENCE AND PREVALENCE OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG USE AND IMPROVED IDENTIFICATION OF RISK FACTORS AND RISK GROUPS. HHS IS ALSO EXPANDING RESEARCH WHICH WILL STRENGTHEN RESOURCES FOR PREVENTING, IDENTIFYING AND TREATING ILLEGAL DRUG USE.
- O INCREASED PUBLIC AWARENESS AND PREVENTION: ON SEPTEMBER 14, 1986, THE PRESIDENT AND FIRST LADY PRESENTED A NATIONALLY-TELEVISED CALL TO ARMS, CHALLENGING AND ENCOURAGING CITIZENS AND PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE NATIONAL CRUSADE TO ELIMINATE THE USE OF ILLEGAL DRUGS. THE PUBLIC MAS

RESPONDED ENTHUSIASTICALLY TO THE CALL TO ACCION. ACROSS THE NATION, INDIVIDUALS ARE WORKING TO MAKE THEIR ACCOOLS.

INDUSTRIES, TRANSPORTATION, HOMES AND FAMILIES FREE OF ILLEGAL DRUGS AND THE ABUSE OF ALCOHOL. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT RESOURCES HAVE BEEN INCREASED TO ASSIST THE BROAD NATIONAL REFORT: HHS HAS ESTABLISHED A NEW OFFICE FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION, AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS ARE ARING ENCOURAGED THROUGH AN EXPANDED PROGRAM AT ACTION. NUMEROUS UTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES HAVE INITIATIVES UNDERWAY TO INCREASE DRUG ABUSE AWARENESS AND PREVENT THE USE OF DRUGS. FOR EXAMPLE, THE DEPARTMENT OF THE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ARODUCED A SERIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENTS ENTITLED COCALMENTER BIG LIE.

- O DRUG-FREE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION: THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION IS TAKING THE LEAD IN A MATICMAL EFFORT TO ENSURE SAFE TRANSPORTATION FOR PEOPLE AND GOODS, ANAL-DRUG ABUSE ACTIVITIES ARE BEING PURSUED IN ALL AREAS OF TRANSPORTATION, INCLUDING AVIATION, WATER, RAIL, MOTOR CARRIER, PIPELINE, BUS AND URBAN RAIL TRANSPORTATION.
- O DRUG-FREE PUBLIC HOUSING: THE SECRETARY OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT HAS TAKEN THE LEAD IN A COUPERATIVE NATIONAL EFFORT TO ACHIEVE DRUG-FREE PUBLIC HOUSING. HOW HAS FORMED A PARTNERSHIP WITH THE DEPARTMENTS OF JUSTICE, MEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND LABOR, AND ACTION TO WORK WITH LOCAL PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITIES, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS, AND OTHER LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN EDUCATING THE RESIDENCE AND PREVENTING THE SALE

AND DISTRIBUTION OF DRUGS. ON MAY 1-2, 1987, THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT OFFICIALS AND THE FEDERAL PARTNERSHIP HELD A NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DRUG-FREE PUBLIC HOUSING TO ASSIST THE ATTENDEES IN FORMING ACTION PLANS FOR THEIR OWN HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS.

O THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE FOR A DRUG FREE AMERICA: ON MAY 5. 1987, PRESIDENT REAGAN SIGNED AN EXECUTIVE ORDER ESTABLISHING THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE FOR A DRUG FREE AMERICA, AS AUTHORIZED BY THE ANTI-DRUG ABUSE ACT OF 1986. OVER THE NEXT TWO YEARS THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE WILL BE A CONTINUING OPPORTUNITY FOR CITIZENS TO SHARE THEIR IDEAS AND EXPERIENCES IN ORDER TO VIGOROUSLY AND DIRECTLY ATTACK DRUG ABUSE AT ALL LEVELS. IT WILL REVIEW THE NATION'S PROGRESS, ASSESS WHAT WORKS AND WHY, AND SEER TO CONTINUE THE MOMENTUM OF THE NATIONAL CRUSADE TO STOP THE USE OF ILLEGAL DRUGS AND THE ABUSE OF ALCOHOL. THE CONFERENCE WILL REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT AND THE CONGRESS ON THE POLICIES, PROGRAMS AND NATIONAL STRATEGY NECESSARY TO BUILD UPON WHAT HAS ALREADY BEEN ACCOMPLISHED AND WORK TOWARD A DRUG-FREE AMERICA.

III. COMMENTS ON S. 789, THE DRUG CZAR BILL

THIS DRUG CZAR BILL IS A DRASTIC PROPOSAL WHICH WILL UNDO
THE STEADY PROGRESS TOWARD IMPROVING DRUG POLICY AND STRATEGY
DEVELOPMENT AND COORDINATION WHICH WE HAVE MADE WITH THE NATIONAL
DRUG POLICY BOARD (NDPB), AND INS PREDECESSOR, THE NATIONAL DRUG



ENFORCEMENT POLICY BOARD (NDEPB). THE NDEPB WAS CREATED A LITTLE OVER I TEARS AGO. THE LAW TOOK EFFECT IN JANUARY 1985 AND ITS FIRST MEETING TOOK PLACE IN APRIL 1985. THE NDPB WHICH EXPANDED JURISDICTION TO INCLUDE THE DEMAND SIDE WAS CREATED ON MARCH 26, 1987.

THE EFFORT TO DELINEATE AGENCY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

HAS JUST STARTED TO BEAR FRUIT. THE DESIGNATION OF A LEAD AGENCY
IN THE INTERDICTION COMPONENT OF OUR STRATEGY, TOGETHER WITH

DETAILED ELABORATION ON OTHER AGENCY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES,
IS BEING FINALIZED AND WILL BE SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS. ALTHOUGH

CONGRESSIONAL IMPATIENCE WITH THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH FOR NOT MAKING

QUICKER PROGRESS IN OUR ANTI-DRUG EFFORTS IS UNDERSTANDABLE, WE

SHOULD TAKE CARE NOT TO ACT RASHLY OUT OF THIS IMPATIENCE. WE

NEED MORE TIME THAN WE HAVE BEEN GIVEN TO DATE.

WE MUST NOT LOSE SIGHT OF THE BOTTOM LINE THAT WE ARE NOW INTERDICTING MORE DRUGS, SEIZING MORE DRUGS, SECURING THE FORFEITURE OF MORE ASSETS, ARRESTING, PROSECUTING, AND CONVICTING MORE DAUG TRAFFICKERS, AND MORE ACTIVELY DISCOURAGING THE USE OF ILLEGAL DRUGS THAN EVER BEFORE.

IF YOU THINK THIS ADMINISTRATION HAS BEEN CUTTING BACK ON ITS WAR ON DRUGS, OR DEMONSTRATING INEFFECTIVENESS THEN YOU HAVEN'T BEEN LISTENING TO THE DRUG CULTURE SPORESMEN OR THEIR SYMPATRIZERS, OR TO THE DRUG TRAFFICKERS AND THEIR DEFENSE ATTORNEYS. ASK THEM TO TELL YOU HONESTLY WHETHER THIS



ADMINISTRATION HAS MADE DRUG TRAFFICKING AND DRUG USE MORE DIFFICULT.

WE HAVE HEARD MUCH RECENTLY OF THE OLD CHARGE OF LACK OF COORDINATION IN OUR ANTI-DRUG EFFORTS, AND RESULTING TURF WARS BETWEEN THE AGENCIES. I THINK A WORD OF CAUTION TO YOU ON THAT SCORE IS IN ORDER.

DISAGREEMENTS BETWEEN AGENCIES WORKING IN THE SAME ARENA IS NOT UNCOMMON AND SHOULD NOT BE EQUATED WITH A BREAKDOWN IN COORDINATION. AGGRIEVED AGENCIES THEMSELVES MAY COMPLAIN OF A LACK OF COORDINATION AS A DEPENSE MECHANISM AGAINST A COMPETING AGENCY. WE MUST NOT OVERREACT TO THESE CHARGES, BUT INSTEAD LOOK BEHIND THEM TO SEE IF THEY HAVE ANY REAL SUBSTANCE. THE FACT OF THE MATTER IS THAT WE HAVE DECIDED NOT TO USE THE SINGLE AGENCY APPROACH TO THIS COMPLEX PROBLEM WHICH NATURALLY CUTS ACROSS SO MANY DIFFERENT JURISDICTIONS, AND AS WE ATTEMPT TO UTILIZE THE MANY AGENCIES WITH ALREADY EXISTING RESOURCES IN PLACE, YOU CAN BE SURE THAT THE COORDINATION JOB WILL NOT BE AN EASY OWE, BUT IT CAN BE DONE, AND IS BEING IMPROVED STEADILY.

IT IS A COMMON MISTAKE TO SEE ANY DISAGREEMENT AMONG LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AS A BREAKDOWN IN COORDINATION. THEY ARE MADE UP OF ACTIVE AND AGGRESSIVE PEOPLE. NO LARGE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY EXISTS THAT HAS NOT EXPERIENCED DISAGREEMENTS AND JURISDICTIONAL DISPUTES WITHIN ITS OWN RANKS: THE HOMICIDE SQUAD OFTEN LOCKS HORNS WITH THE ROBBERY SQUAD AND SO ON. AND

OBVIOUSLY, DISPUTES AMONG DIFFERENT LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES ARE EVEN MORE COMMON. OFTEN THIS REFLECTS A HEALTHY ESPIRIT DE CORPS, A SENSE OF COMPETITION AND SOME CHECKS AND BALANCES THAT STRENGTHEN LAW ENFORCEMENT. IN EVALUATING LAW ENFORCEMENT, THEREFORE, ONE MUST BE CAREFUL TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN SPIRITED COMPETITION ON THE ONE HAND, AND LACK OF COORDINATION ON THE OTHER. WE HAVE MADE GREAT STRIDES IN COORDINATING FEDERAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS IN THE PAST SIX YEARS. TO CAST ALL OF THAT WORK ASIDE IN FAVOR OF A NEW APPROACH AT THIS LATE DATE WOULD BE THE HEIGHT OF FOLLY.

THE ADMINISTRATION STRONGLY OPPOSES THIS "DRUG CZAR" BILL.

IT WOULD PROVE COUNTERPRODUCTIVE IN THE WAR ON DRUGS AND IS

UNNECESSARY BECAUSE OF THE STEPS RECENTLY TAKEN BY THE PRESIDENT

TO PROVIDE FOR COMPREHENSIVE AND EFFECTIVE COORDINATION OF DRUG

POLICY WITHIN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH, I URGE YOU TO CONSIDER THE

FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL REASONS TO REJECT IT.

OWE ALREADY HAVE EFFECTIVE, INFORMED LEADERSHIP OF FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL EFFORTS. THE MEASURE WE SHOULD USE IS NOT A "WISH LIST" OF IDEAL POLICY BOARD ACCOMPLISHMENTS, BUT THE STATE OF DRUG POLICY COORDINATION THAT EXISTED IN 1980 WHEN WE CAME INTO OFFICE. THE NATIONAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT POLICY BOARD, CREATED BY THE COMPREHENSIVE CRIME CONTROL ACT OF 1984, HAS BEEN REASONABLY SUCCESSFUL IN COORDINATING THE REVIEW, EVALUATION, AND DEVELOPMENT OF UNITED STATES DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT POLICY, STRATEGY,



WE RESOURCES. WE ARE MAKING STEADY PROGRESS IN ESTABLISHING A MORE STRUCTURED AND DETAILED FRAMEWORK TO VACILITATE CENTRALIZED POLICY AND STRATEGY DIRECTION AND EMANCED COORDINATION.

- WE PRESIDENT HAS ALREADY CONSOLIDATED BOTH DRUG DEMAND AND SUPPLY REDUCTION OVERSIGHT INTO ONE CABINET-LEVEL WOOV. IN SHORT, THE NEW POLICY BOARD WILL ENHANCE GOVERNMENT EFFORTS TO CUT THE DEMAND FOR DRUGS WHILE WAINTAINING AND STRENGTHENING OUR LONG-RANGE DRIVE TO REDUCE THE SUPPLY OF DRUGS WITHOUT CREATING ADDITIONAL BUREAUCRACY.
- VOX CABINET STRUCTURE OF GOVERNMENT HAS SERVED THIS

 WATTON WELL THROUGHOUT ITS HISTORY. THE DRUG CZAR WOULD

 UNDERMINE THIS SUCCESSFUL SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT BY

 CREATING A "SUPER CABINET OFFICER", A SO-CALLED "DRUG

 CRAR" INTERPOSED BETWEEN CABINET MEMBERS AND THE

 FRESIDENT. THIS INTRUSION INTO THE DELIBERATIONS OF THE

 FRESIDENT'S SENIOR ADVISERS IS AS ILL-ADVISED AS IT IS

 UNPARCEDENTED. THE PRESIDENT SHOULD REMAIN FREE TO

 CONSULT WITH AND COORDINATE ACTIONS BY CABINET OFFICIALS

 TH ANT MANNER HE BELIEVES APPROPRIATE. FURTHERMORE, THE

 BILL PROVIDES THE DRUG CZAR NO CLEAR ROLE AND THEREFORE

 WIS PRESENCE WOULD CONFUSE, DELAY AND MAKE MORE

 COMPLICATED THE EXECUTIVE'S EFFORTS TO COORDINATE DRUG

 FOLICY.

- CABINET OFFICIALS TO DETERMINE HOW BEST TO EXERCISE THEIR STATUTORY FUNCTIONS. THE BILL COULD NOT DELEGATE SUCH GENERAL AUTHORITIES TO THE "DRUG CZAR" WITHOUT SUBSTANTIALLY DAMAGING THE EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF OUR LAWS.
- THE BILL WOULD PURPORT TO AUTHORIZE THE DRUG CZAR TO
 "DIRECT" CABINET OFFICIALS TO CARRY OUT HIS POLICIES, BUT
 QUALIFIES THAT POWER BY REQUIRING THAT IT BE "CONSISTENT
 WITH THE GENERAL AUTHORITY OF EACH AGENCY OR DEPARTMENT."
 SUCH A PROVISION GUARANTEES DELAY AND BUREAUCRATIC
 IN-FIGHTING, TO THE DETRIMENT OF THE BATTLE AGAINST
 DRUGS. THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH SIMPLY CANNOT BE STRUCTURED
 IN THIS MANNER AND OPERATE EFFECTIVELY. THIS PRINCIPLE
 WILL BE VALID, REGARDLESS OF WHO IS PRESIDENT, REGARDLESS
 OF HIS PARTY AFFILIATION, AND DESPITE THE GOOD PAITH AND
 BEST EFFORTS OF THE PERSONS WHO WILL OCCUPY THESE
 POSITIONS.
- THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON ORGANIZED CRIME CLEARLY
 ENDORSED THE CONCEPT OF INDEPENDENT CABINET-LEVEL
 AGENCIES WITH SHARED RESPONSIBILITY FOR DRUG LAW
 ENFORCEMENT SUCCESS. I AGREE WHOLEHEARTEDLY WITH THE
 COMMISSION'S RECOMMENDATIONS AGAINST A DRUG CZAR;

IT IS NEITHER POSSIBLE NOR DESIRABLE UNDER OUR SYSTEM OF LAW TO INVEST A BOARD CHAIRMAN OR ANY OTHER "CZAR" WITH DICTATORIAL POWER TO COMMAND OTHER CABINET MEMBERS TO CONDUCT THE AFFAIRS OF THEIR RESPECTIVE DEPARTMENTS IN A PARTICULAR FASHION.

- O WE DO NOT NEED THE ADDITIONAL LAYER OF BUREAUCRACY WITHIN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH THAT THE BILL PROPOSES. THE PROPOSED BILL CALLS FOR THE CREATION OF A NEW SUPER-CABINET LEVEL OFFICE. SUCH AN OFFICE WOULD BE EXPENSIVE TO MAINTAIN, AND WOULD REQUIRE SIGNIFICANT STAFF AND OTHER RESOURCES THAT WOULD INEVITABLY BE DRAWN FROM CURRENT DRUG CONTROL AND OTHER SOCIAL PROGRAMS. IN CONTRAST, CURRENT DRUG CONTROL EFFORTS HAVE BEEN, AND CONTINUE TO BE, ENHANCED THROUGH EXISTING ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURES.
- THE DRUG CZAR CONCEPT WOULD HAMPER EXISTING DRUG CONTROL
 ACTIVITIES. THE BURDENSOME LAYER OF NEW BUREAUCRACY IT
 CREATES WOULD DETRACT FROM DRUG CONTROL PROGRAMS AND
 OPERATIONS, RESTRICTING THE DECISION-MAKING AUTHORITY OF
 CABINET OFFICIALS, AND REDUCING INTER-DEPARTMENTAL AND
 INTERAGENCY POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND DISCUSSION. THE DRUG
 CZAR WOULD FURTHER CARVE UP THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM
 AND WOULD THREATEN THE AUTONOMY OF TREASURY, JUSTICE,
 TRANSPORTATION, AND STATE, AS WELL AS HHS AND THE DEMAND

SIDE AGENCIES. THE SERIOUSNESS OF THIS THREAT IS
UNDERSCORED BY THE OVERWHELMING OPPOSITION TO THIS
PROPOSAL BY THE FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT COMMUNITY AS WELL
AS BY SUCH GROUPS AS THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF
CHIEFS OF POLICE AND THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF
ATTORNEY'S GENERAL.

THE DRUG CZAR WOULD BE BAD PRECEDENT. THE CREATION OF A DRUG CZAR WOULD SERVE AS PRECEDENT FOR CREATION OF A "TERRORISM CZAR" AND OTHER "CZARS" TO DEAL WITH ANY ISSUE THAT CUTS ACROSS DEPARTMENTAL LINES. THIS IS CLEARLY THE MOST CUMBERSOME WAY OF DEALING WITH PROBLEMS HAVING INTER-DEPARTMENTAL JURISDICTION.

IN CONCLUSION LET ME STRESS THAT THE POLICY BOARD DOES NOT HAVE DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR DRUG LAW EMFORCEMENT AND DEMAND REDUCTION ACTIVITIES. WE DO HAVE POLICY RESPONSIBILITY TO FACILITATE THE COORDINATION OF OPERATIONS AND POLICY UNDER THE TERMS OF THE NATIONAL NARCOTICS ACT OF 1984. WE DO NOT MICRO-MANAGE THE OPERATIONS OF ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. THOSE DOING THE JOB IN THE FIELD ARE NORMALLY GIVEN THE FLEXIBILITY, WITHIN LEGAL CONSTRAINTS, TO GET THE JOB LONE IN CONCERT WITH OUR OVERALL NATIONAL STRATEGY. WHEN AN INTERAGENCY COORDINATION OR COOPERATION PROBLEM SURFACES, WE DEAL WITH IT AT THE POLICY BOARD. WE WELCOME YOUR CONCERN AND INTEREST IN THIS PROCESS.



THIS CONCLUDES MY PREPARED STATEMENT. I WOULD BE HAPPY TO RESPOND TO ANY SPECIFIC QUESTIONS YOU MAY HAVE REGARDING THE WORK OF THE POLICY BOARD.

